\$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

Dorsey's Batch of Lies.

For a year or more S. W. Dorsey has

though under oath, would not be be-lieved, he has tried to strengthen them by threats that he would publish certain damaging letters which, he alleges,

the President, it surely sacrifices to partisan feeling much that a respecta-ble journal holds sacred. It would be

Reforms In and Out of the Party.

courage must actuate it in the future that have characterized it in the past,

or evil results of uncommon magnitude

It is to be expected that a cre

NEWS OF THE WEEK. Gathered From All Quarters.

WASHINGTON. SECRETARY FOLGER gave notice on the 20th that the bonds below specified would not be exchanged for three per cent, bonds, and that the principal and accrued interest would be paid at the Treasury at Washing-ton on the 1st of November next, the interest on said bonds ceasing on that day, viz: All registered bonds of acts of July 14, 1870, and January 20, 1871, continued during the pleasure of the Government under the terms of Circular No. 52, dated May 12, 1881, to bear interest at the rate of three and one-half per cent. per annun from August 12, 1881, and which constitute the residue of those issued under the acts of July 14, 1870, and January 20, 1871, known as continued 5s, and which have not heretoper cent, bonds of the act of July 12, 1882. bonds embraced in this circular are those last dated and numbered, as required by Section 3, of act of July 14, 1870, and include those which have been issued on transfer since the 120th call was issued. The amount of the bonds embraced in this call

Workmen broke ground opposite Worm-ley's Hotel, Washington, on the 27th uit. for the erection of the buildings of what is intended to be the great University of the National capital, and which it is believed by its friends will be one of the greatest Universities of the land. The buildings will be a new abiding place for the Columbian University, which has hitherto occu pied buildings on the outskirts of the city. PRESIDENT ARTHUR made the following nominations on the 28th ult.: Edward Nervin, Jr., Naval Officer of Customs at Philadelphia, and George F. Leland, Surveyor of Customs of Philadelphia.

THE EAST.

Tan will of the late Henry L. Kendall, who died at Boston recently, leaves the American Unitarian Association of that State, \$6,000; Hampton Normal and Agri-cultural Institute of Virginia, \$1,500; Providence, R. I., Public Library, residuary legatee, upwards of \$175,000, and various local

An ordinance was passed by the Board of Aldermen of Jersey City, N. J., on the 25th prohibiting the sale to persons under the age of sixteen of any ale, cider, beer or spirituous liquors or mixed liquors, part of which is intoxicating.

A BRUTAL prize fight took place near

Nanticoke, Luzerne County, Pa., for \$500 a side on the evening of the 24th. The principals were Paddy O'Brien, a saloon-keeper, and Mike Breeze, a miner. Eleven rounds were fought, when a crowd of women broke into the ring, brandishing knives and pistols, and put a stop to the

THE American Rapid Telegraph Comstriking operators the men returned to basis of the agreement is an advance of ten per cent. on salaries, extra pay for all work done over eight hours for day and seven hours for night work, and extra for all

The appraisal of the property of the poet Longfellow shows a value of about \$350,000, of which \$200,000 is personal property and

SAMUEL HART, Robert Keed and William Dunn were shockingly burned by the exsion of a cinder blast at the 1" and Works, Catasauqua, Pa., on the 25th.

THE extensive works of the Howe Sewing Machine Company, at Bridgeport, Conn., were almost entirely destroyed by fire on the night of the 26th. The loss on stock, buildings and machinery will reach abou

\$350,000; insured for \$275,000.
WILLIAM H. CLYMER, brother of Congressman Heister Clymer, and President of the First National Bank of Reading, Pa. died at his residence in that city on the 26th, in the sixty-second year of his age. A MARKET wagon containing Henry Welsh, his wife and Miss Alice Swartz

was struck by a locomotive at Mt. Joy Man-heim road crossing, Lancaster County, Pa., on the 27th ult., killing them instantly.
THE Massachusetts Legislature adjourned sine die on the 27th ult., after session of two hundred and six days, the longest on

the week ending the 27th uit, number 190, as compared with 168 the previous week. They were distributed as follows: New England States, 33; Middle, 32; Western, 37; South ern, 29; Pacific States and Territories, 20; nada 31, and New York City, 8.

A TERRIBLE railroad accident occurred the Rome, Watertown & Ogden County, N. Y., on the night of the 28th ult., in which twenty persons were killed and a large number seriously injured. The acci dent was caused by a collision with a freight car which had been blown by a high wind from a side-track to the main line The passenger train consisted of two loca two baggage cars, and was filled with tour ists mostly from Michigan on their way to Thousand Islands. The train was behind time, and was running about forty miles per hour. The collision threw one of the locomotives on its end the other into a ditch and completely demolished two sleepers, a coach and two baggage cars. There avy thunder storm passing at the time of the accident and the night was very dark The crash was heard three miles.

THE body of Captain Matthew Webb, who rashly undertook to swim the whirlpool in the Niagara River, about two miles below the falls, on the 24th ult., was found float ing in the river a short distance below Lew-iston, N. Y., by Richard W. Turner, who was catching driftwood, on the 28th. The body was not dismembered and none of the were broken or dislocated. It was swellen to twice its usual size, and was in the position of a man swimming, the arms and legs being extended. On the top of the head was a deep gash, about three inches in length, and a fracture of the skull, which the physician stated must have caused death instantly. It appeared to have been cut by a rock or other hard, rough sub-stance, and is supposed to have been done at the entrance to the whirlpool, where the rocks in places project above the surface of water, and where the current is wild-This wound was considered sufficient in itself to have caused death, and it is thought he sank immediately after re-ceiving it. The body was coffined and sent to Boston, where Mrs. Webb is residing.

THE Spanish Minister at Washington Senor Don Francesco Barca, committed suicide by shooting himself at the Albe-marle Hotel, New York City, early on the morning of the 29th ult. He left two letters, in one of which he stated that the cause of his suicide was because he was unable to pay his indebteness. He had been living a fast life at Washington, entertaining hosts of friends, such as Ministers of foreign legations. The expense of these entertainments was very heavy and he was

By the explosion of a mass of molte

negligence, a quantity of water was allowed to get in the pit, the result was an explosion which sent the molten metal in all directions. Mr. Burgerdoff was almost Three of the others were not expected to

CADET THOMAS L. HARTIGAN, of the Senior class of the United States Military Academy at West Point, N. Y., was sum-marily dismissed from that institution by the Secretary of War on the 28th ult., upon the recommendation of the Superintendent for hazing new cadets.

WILLIAM E. LANSING, ex-member of Congress, died suddenly at Syracuse, N. Y., on the 29th ult. of heart disease. He was a member of the Thirty-seventh, Fortyecond and Forty-third Congresses.

THREE little girls, Susie and Annie Ham-

lton and Maude Shrader, sitting on a rock on the edge of the Hudson River at Yonkers, N. Y., on the 29th ult., fell into the stream and were drowned. Dr. Lucius H. Bugher, ex-President of the Allegheny College, at Meadville, Pa., died suddenly from a stroke of paralysis at Geneva, N. Y., on the 28th ult. in the fifty-third year of his age. He leaves a

WEST AND SOUTH

wife and three children.

A GROCER named Frederick Multe of on the 24th by a ferocious watch dog, which he kept in the store, that he died shortly afterwards. The dog had got loose and when Mr. Multe attempted to chain him the brute flew at him and tore the flesh almost completely from his arm and then grabbing him by the throat threw him to he ground, fearfully lacerating him. A coliceman killed the dog.

A DISPATCH from Rosebud Agency, Da-

cota, of the 24th states that the annual "Sun Dance" of the Sioux Indians occurred the afternoon previous at a camp near that agency. About one hundred savages from all parts of the reservation, and a number of whites, were present. Fifteen warriors entered for the dance, having previously fasted for four days before entering. The bodies of all these were frightfully lacer-ated according to the usages of the tribe, thereby asserting the game qualities of the participants. It is possible that this is the last time these cruelties will be permitted, as a strong effort is being made to have the

An inmate of the Tippecanoe County, Ind., Asylum, named Mrs. Mary Brown, died on the 24th from self-imposed starva-tion. She was taken from the State Asylum and placed in the county institution some nine weeks ago, being regarded as incurable. She refused to take nourishment of any kind, and all efforts, coaxing or threats, failed to induce her to take food for forty

four days, with one exception, when the Superintendent, after much persuasion, induced her to take a small quantity of milk. The woman was about thirty-five years of age and gave no reason for her desire to die in that way.

THE Ohio veterans of the late war held a

reunion at Columbus on the 25th, 26th and 27th, which was one of the largest gather-ings of that kind ever held in that city, fully 25,000 visitors being present. Gov-ernor Foster and Mayor Walcutt welappropriate addresses. Among the distinguished gentlemen present were Ex-President Hayes, Governor Foster, Major E. F. Townsend, of the Barracks, General William H. Gibson, General E. F. Noyes, General Keifer, Judge Foraker, Judge Hoadly, Rev. Walter Q. Scott, Dr. James Scott, of Warren, Rev. W. E. Moore, Adjutant General Smith, General A. T. Wikoff and General Joseph H. Geiger. In addition to the oration of Major Townsend, General Gibson, ex-President Hayes, Governor Foster, Judges Hoadly and Foraker, Generals Noyes and Leggett addressed the im-mense gathering. In the evening a large number of ex-prisoners met in City Hall and held a meeting, at which a large number gave their experiences in the Southern prison pens. Mrs. Rebecca Stedman Me-Cann, widow of a private soldier, and

present and repeated in dramatic style "Hooker at Lookout." The jury in the case of Ex-State Treasirer Polk, who had been on trial at Nash ville for embezzlement of State funds, prought in a verdict of guilty as indicted on the 26th, fixing the penalty at imprisonment in the penitentiary for twenty years and imposing a fine to the full amount of

the embezzlement.

Amos FLOYD, a farmer living near Rushville, Buchanan County, Mo., who was sus-pected of horse stealing, was taken from his house on the night of the 23d and hanged to a tree. It was done so quietly that none knew of the occurrence until his body was found. The farmers in the adjoining counties had been missing horses for some time, and as Floyd was suspected of belonging to the gang, he having sold a horse which was the neighborhood was aroused and he was

A MAN named Rigney was taken from the jail at Miles City, Minn., on the night of the 25th and hanged from a railroad tie over a culvert about a mile from town. Rigney had been committed to jail the day previous for disorderly conduct, but bore the reputation of a bard citizen, being accused of robbery and other crimes. He was a bartender in the Cosmopolitan theater at that place. Two hours after the lynching pletely destroyed, with six other buildings. It is believed that the fire was the work of an incendiary in retaliation for the hanging

THE Grand Army of the Republic of Ohio held their reunion at Columbus on the 26th. It was one of the largest gatherings ever witnessed in that city. Thirty-five Posts took part in the procession. It was reviewed by the Governor and staff from a platform erected in the State House yard. Addresses were made by ex-President Hayes and oth

THE only two surviving pensioners of the Revolutionary War in Ohio, Mrs. Catherine Cline, of Cincinnati, aged eighty-two, and Mrs. Elizabeth Davis, some years older, of Porterville, Perry County, were present at the reunion of the Grand Army of the Republic at Columbus on the 26th. They were escorted in the procession by company of soldiers in Continental uni

MRS. ELIZA WARD, doing business as the Ward Iron Company, at Niles, Ohio, made an assignment on the 26th, of all her real and personal property at Niles and New Philadelphia. Robert W. Ratcliff and John M. Stull were appointed assignees. The liabilities are thought to be about \$300,000, James Ward, the son of Eliza, failed about four years ago for \$1,400,000, but his wife, who was of a wealthy family, saved some-thing out of the wreek and Ward resumed the business under his mother's name.

DANIEL B. PHILLIPS, a well-known evangelist, who had been troubled for some time with his head from sunstroke, hanged

himself at Boston on the 26th.

THE Detroit, Grand Haven & Milwaukee Chicago & West Michigan, and Grand Rapids & Indiana railroad bridges, at metal at Garrison's foundry in Pittsburgh Rapids & Indiana railroad bridges, at on the 28th ale, William Burgerdoff was Grand Rapids, Mich., were carried away by floods and a log-jam on the 28th. Over the men were engaged in casting a 15,000 feet of logs, which were in the morning of the 28th, and was instantly able missionaries to take a medical course.

pound roll for a rolling mill, when, through | jam, floated away. The lower part of the negligence, a quantity of water was alcity was flooded. It is impossible to esti mate the damage but it will reach over \$2,000,000

Ott. sand was struck at a depth of 1.350 completely enveloped by the hot metal and feet in Pine Run Valley, a few miles north died in a few seconds after the explosion. are confident that a new oil field has been discovered.

A PEANUT vender named John Wormstry, at Fremont, Ohio, attempted suicide in the public park of that city on the 27th ult. by shooting himself. He was not expected to

EX-POSTMASTER GENERAL MONTGOMERY BLAIR died at his residence, Silver Springs, Md., on the morning of the 27th ult.

A TERRIFIC explosion, caused by hot gas oming into contact with cool air, in the receiver at Grace furnace, owned by Tod, Shambaugh & Co., Brier Hill, Mahoning County, Ohio, occurred on the morning of the 27th ult., fatally injuring the engineer, Benjamin Jones, Several others were struck by flying missiles but none seriously hurt. The engine house, a large brick structure, was completely demolished.

Ar a barbecue given at Satarlia, Yazoo County, Miss., on the 26th ult., a Mr. War-rington objected to the way in which his son was cutting up a sheep. This so enraged the son that he attacked the father with a knife, cutting his body almost in two, kill-ing him instantly. The son escaped.

THE remains of Carl Muninger, a German, sixty-seven years of age, of Cincin-nati, were cremated in the Le Moyne Cre-matory at Little Washington, Pa., on the 27th ult. Rev. Edward Vass, pastor of St. Paul's German Evangelical Church, Cincinnati, was present and officiated in the funeral services. HENRY STAATZ and George Keiser were

killed in the pit of the Central Coal Shaft, at Carlenville, Ill., on the 28th ult., by the falling of a large amount of slate NINE prisoners escaped from the Niles Mich., jail on the night of the 29th ult. by

tunneling under the cells. Two were capt In the case of ex-State Treasurer Polk at Nashville, Tenn., who was convicted of embezzlement of State funds, Judge Allen, on the 28th ult., refused the motion for a new trial and sentenced the prisoner to twenty years in the penitentiary. The case was appealed to the Supreme Court and his bond raised to \$45,000, which was given.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE

A DURBAN dispatch of the 25th states that it was reported there that Cetewayo had been killed. A DISPATCH from Quayaquil on the 26th states that the people by spontaneous action had proclaimed Pedro Carbo chief

of the Government of Quayaquil, with full and independent powers. The three Gov-ernments will now jointly convoke a National convention. Veintummela had fled TORONTO, Canada, was visited by a thun-

der storm on the 27th ult., doing considera-ble damage. A young lady named Nunder, boating on the bay, was drowned. A DISPATCH from Monterey, Mexico, or

the 27th ult. states that it was reported in that city that the Spanish Minister had been recalled and a serious rupture between the two countries was possible. The matter was kept very quiet, but it is supposed to have been caused by the repudiation of her Spanish debt. Diplomatic relations with France and England having recently been resumed by Mexico on the basis of the paying of the National debt to both these time but her claim was denied. THE Minister of Marine at Paris, on th

28th ult. received a dispatch appounding from Hanoi, inflicting severe loss on the enemy. Colonel Bodens, with 500 men captured seven pieces of artillery and killed 1,000 of the enemy. The French loss was but eleven men. THE town of Casamicciols, on the island

of Ischia, near Naples, Italy, was almost entirely destroyed by an cartiquake on the night of the 28th ult. Nearly all the houses in the place were demolished and three thousand persons reported killed and three times that number injured. The neighbor ing towns were also wrecked. THE Catholic Bishops have begun to use

e powers granted them under the provisions of the German Government Church vicars and candidates for the priesthood to

LATER NEWS.

INTELLIGENCE was received at Lon ion on the 30th ult., that James Carey, the informer in the Phenix murder cases at Dublin, Ireland, had been shot dead on beard the steamship Melrose the day previous, while she was between Cape Town and Port Elizabeth on her way to Natal, by a fellow passenger named O'Donnel, who immediately after the shooting surrendered himself. He was placed in irons and handed over to the authorities at Fort Elizabeth. Carey was traveling under the name of Power and his family were with him. nformer in the Phenix murder cases at

CHARLES W. COPELAND & Co., shoe manufacturers of Boston, indefinitely susamount to \$750,000, which the firm states it has sufficient assets to cover. The failure is attributed to the sudden pressure of sev-eral large obligations.

DR. G. B. BALDWIN, an old and well nown physician of Rootstown, Portage County, Ohio, died at the residence of his son at Canton, Ohio, on the 28th uit. In the eighty-third year of his age. He had prac-ticed medicine sixty years. His death was attributed to a fall which he received from his carriage about six weeks before. IRA ADAMS, a well-known wholesale

boot and shoe dealer of Cleveland, Ohio, died suddenly at Clayton, N. Y., on the 27th ult., where he had stopped while on a tour for rest and recreation, of neuralgia of the heart, in the seventieth year of his LEIGHTON & BROWN, wholesale drug-

gists and ten adjoining business houses at Lincoln, Neb., were destroyed by fire on the 20th uit. Loss over \$500,000; insured for about one-half. T. SHAW & BROTHERS, of Boston, the

largest tanners in the world, made an assignment on the 30th ult. The liabilities signment on the 30th uit. The liabilities could not be given but it was stated that the assets would reach \$5,000,000. The immediate cause of the failure was the suspension of Copeland & Co. The assets include tanneries in Northern Maine, New York State, New Brunswick and Quebec and 1,500,000 acres of land in Maine. The firm employed 15,000 men.

JACOB WENGER, a lad aged seven

DEATH'S CARNIVAL.

Perrysburg

Number of Towns in Susny Italy De-molished by an Earthquake—Three Thou-sand Persons Reported Killed—The In-jured Almost Beyond Calculation.

NAPLES, Italy, July 30. Three thousand inhabitants of the island of Ischea were killed by an earthquake Saturday night. The productive part of the island was ruined, and vineyards, farms, mines, baths and summer residences by the hundred were destroyed. About 9:30 the hundred were destroyed. About 9:30 o'clock Saturday night, soon after the majority of the inhabitants of the town of Casamicciolo, Italy, a watering place of about three thousand five hundred inhabitants, had retired to rest, shocks of earthquake began to be felt. Many of the clitzens of the upper classes were at the theater at the time. The first trembling of the buildings awoke those who were sleeping, and caused the theater-goers to be filled with alarm. In an instant a more violent shock came. The people in the theater rushed wildly out of doors.

The fourth shock leveled most of the houses of the town. Many of the citizens were resting in their beds. These were buried under the toppling walls.

The Hotel Piccola Sentinella sank into the earth and burned with many of its inmates. Some of the inhabitants escaped to the seather the seather

the earth and burned with many of its inmates. Some of the inhabitants escaped to
the sea at the first shock and made their
way to Naples with the news of the calamity. The ground opened in many places,
while in other places there was no movement.
Water gushed out of the springs. Several boilers in the bathing-houses burst.
The theater, a wooden structure, was literally torn open, allowing the audience to escape.

cape.

A gentleman who was staying at the Hotel Piccola Sentinella, and who escaped with his life, relates that he only had time to secure some candles for use in the darkness and ruins before the collapse of the building occurred. A person who lived near the now ruined bathing establishment says he escaped from the place amid failing walls and balconies, terrified people shouting: "to the sea!"

walls and balconies, terrified people shouting: "to the sea!"

The shock came with irresistible violence, and was accompanied by a deafening noise. The confusion in the theater was fearful. Lights were overthrown and set fire to the building, and a dense cloud of dust filled the air. Cries of pain and terror were heard on all sides. On hearing shouts of "to the sea," a general rush was made toward the shore. Every boat and floating thing was taken by assault.

Among the dead are: Prof. Palma; Baroness Diriseis; Commander Zapputi; Signora Cecere and children. It is probable that the Marchloness Pacca Laurati is also among the dead.

among the dead.

The whole island is in a condition of in-

The whole island is in a condition of intense terror, suffering and helplessness. Although all the steam vessels within reach have been endeavoring to ald the people, and have removed many thousands of the injured to the main land, the thousands of injured can not be estimated.

The destruction was most complete at Casamicciola, the famous pleasure resort, with its hot springs and baths, the Saratoga of Italy. Of its populace of 4,000, and its summer visitors to an equal number, few escaped death or injury, and the loss deeply affects every portion of Italy, as the guests were drawn from the wealthy and aristocratic districts of the entire kingdom.

Several members of the National Assembly and the Senate are missing and unaccounted for, while the earth opened and buried forever a number of Roman families who had visited the island on a pleasure excursion.

cursion. Many hundreds were killed at Ischia, the capital of the island and the scaport nearest to the mainland, among them being the Prefect, Florentineli. As soon as the news reached Rome and Naples, assistance of every available sort was forwarded. Among the first to leave for the scene were Admiral Acton, the Minister of Marine, and Signor Berti, the Minister of Trade, who were not content to issue their commands from Rome. Details of several hundred soldiers and marines, whose services could be utilized as sappers, or in the temporary hospital, or kindred work, were also taken to the island. They improvised stretchers and carried hundreds of the wounded to the steamers which took them as well as numbers of the homeless to Naples.

ples.
Strong fears are entertained of a second Strong fears are enfertained of a second shock, and the report is spreading that Mount Epomeo is on fire, and that an erruption is possible, the earthquake being only preliminary. Such a disaster would wipe out the Islands whole population, since the mountain occupies the center of the Island, which contains only twenty-six square miles, and slopes in every direction to the shore.

A FATAL CRASH. An Excursion Train Collides With an Emp

ty Car Near Carlton, N. Y.—Twenty-five Persons Killed and Over Thirty Others Severely Injured. ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 30. News was received here early Saturday orning of a terrible disaster on the Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg Railroad, near Carlton, Friday night. As the Thousand Island train, which was running at high speed on the main line, neared Carlton, the engineer noticed a single car standing on the track ahead of He at once put on the air-brakes and reversed the lever of his engine, but before the speed of the train could be slackened the engine dashed into the obstruction, and in an instant all was a scene of wreck and confusion, and the air was filled with the groans of the dying and injured. The engineer, who herolcally remained at his post, was fatally injured when the crash came. The fireman, who stood by him till the last was instantly killed.

The car which caused the disaster was

blown on the main line by the high wind which prevailed at the time of the accident.

which prevailed at the time of the accident. The leading engine was thrown in the ditch, and was not much damaged, but the second engine was thoroughly broken up.

The party of tourists on board, the ill-fated train was a large and merry one, and just before the accident were laughing and talking over the enjoyment they expected to have in visiting the Thousand Islands, Quebe, Montreal and other Northern points. The engine struck the freight car with a terrible crash, and in a moment cars and passengers were plunged into an indiscriminate heap, enveloped in darkness, and drenched with rain. Moans and piteous cries for help came from the wreck. Appeals for assistance were sent to Lewiston and Oswego, and a relief train was instantly forwarded. Then began the dreadful work of extricating from the ruins the mangled bodies of the dead and wounded. The work was necessarily slow. While carrying off the dead the workmen's ears were plerced with necessarily slow. While carrying off the dead the workmen's ears were pierced with the agonizing cries of those in whom life had not been entirely crushed out, and their hearts sickened as they met the supplicating gaze of those too faint to utter their appeals.

and 1,500,000 acres of land in Maine. The firm employed 15,000 men.

A GENERAL court martial has been appointed by order of the President, to meet at Vancouver Barracks, Washington at Lieutenant Samuel C. Robertson, charged with duplicating his pay account for the month of June last.

MRS. YOUNG, mother of Warren Young, President Arthur's Private Secretary, died at Warren, Ohio, on the 30th ult. of inflammation of the bowels, in the seventy-seventh year of her age.

MRS. MARY SHAUGNESSEY died at Erie, Pa., on the 30th ult. on the 100th anniversary of her birthday. She was the mother of a large and respected family. She came from Ireland fifty years ago.

JACOB WENGER, a lad aged seven

Mrs. Z. Chandler, of Detroit sent \$1.000 In several cases of the wounded no hope

A TERRIBLE DISASTER.

The Collapse of a Rotten Pier Near Bal-timere Throws Nearly 200 People Into the Water—A Large Number of Corpses

A terrible calamity occurred at the North Point Tivoli, an excursion resort on the Patapsco, ten miles from the city, about ten o'clock Monday night, by which many lives tween sixty and seventy. The accident was occasioned by the giving way of the outer

The darkness added to the confusion and

The darkness added to the confusion and terror, and little could be done at once to rescue the drowning, most of whom were women and children.

The first news of the disaster reached the city a little after two 'clock Tuesday morning, when the barge landed at Henderson's Wharf, bringing a number of the bodies of the drowned.

by side in the shed on the wharf. victims to their homes so suddenly cast into gloom was begun. The Cockade City left at 4:38 a. m. for the scene of the disaster again. It had left many bodies there and about two hundred of the excur-

Captain Webb Drowned.

NIAGARA PALLS, N. Y., July 25. Captain Matthew Webb arrived her Tuesday at 19:50, via Buffalo, and an ounced that he would swim the rapids a four o'clock p. m. The story was discredited by nearly every one. No excitement whatever was noticed and no crowd as sembled. The Captain, after a hearty dinthe Clifton House, quietly awaiting the ap the Clifton House, quietly awaiting the ap-pointed hour. At four o'clock small squads of citizens leisurely strolled to the railway suspension bridge, though the majority of the people expected to be fooled. Opera-glasses were brought to view, and suddenly some one exclaimed: "There he is." The Captain had left the hotel at four o'clock Captain had left the hotel at four o'clock alone, passed down a steep hill to the river bank, where he was joined by Jack McCloy, the Canadian ferryman, who had brought a small scow-beat. After rowing to a point about one-quarter of a mile above the Maid of the Mist landing, the Captain stripped and jumped with a dive into the water at 4:34. At 4:33 he passed under the bridge, swimming with a powerful stroke abreast of the waves. He had now really started on his perilous journey. The crowd now became excited, running from one side of the bridge to the other, making exclamations and remarks as to the probability

the bridge to the other, making exclama-tions and remarks as to the probability of the result. The Captain swam on, strik-ing huge waves with perfect ease, riding on the top or shooting through the center of the highest. The sight was a beautiful one, and the gallant captain displayed his firmness to the gazers above. The banks on either side were dot-ted with anxious spectators who endeavored to keep track of the swimmer. At 4:37 the Captain had successfully passed the rapids and was about to enter the whirlpool, the only place he had dreaded to encounter. He only place he had dreaded to encounter. He seemed to be drawn under the water at this point and has not been seem since by anyone. It is undoubtedly true that the famous Captain Webb is dead. Frederick Kyle, his manager, and two gentlemen started in a carriage for Queenstown and returned with no tidings after a diligent search. The manager said he had given up the Captain, and that he was undoubtedly lost.

(Iowa) Murderer.

DES MOINES, Ia., July 25. Hardy, the Polk City murderer, w aken from jail at Harlan and hung by party of about fifty masked men yesterda morning, about three o'clock. morning, about three o'clock. The mob came from the direction of Marne; tied their horses in a grove about a mile from town, and came in regular order with a rope, arms and stedges. They tied Jailer Watkins, and made his wife give up the keys of the jail. They then unlocked the door of the cell where the murderer was confined; took him out and hung him up. While hanging they shot him, and afterward took him down and threw him into the river. Sheriff Chatburne has possession of the body. After the mob had wreaked their vengeance, they went peacefully away.

The Board of Aldermen of Syracuse, N. Y., have recently passed a resolution prohibiting the Salvation Army from making street parades in that city.

What Will It Signify?

the Democratic nomination, and in the second place if he should it would do him no good unless he should form a coalition with the Republicans; because a sufficient number of Democratic free traders would bolt his nomination to defeat him. But the Tribune told them would be the traders would be the traders would be the tribune told them.

feat him. But the Tribune told them months ago how it would be; that none of the candidates who were boasting of a sure thing, and making so much sensation on the surface of affairs, would come in winner, but that this Pennsylvania gentleman, about whom nobody seemed to be saying much, would at the proper time rise up in front of the whole list. We had reason to know that while the rest were alect.

front of the whole list. We had reason to know that while the rest were electing themselves by footing up columns of figures on paper, Mr. Randall was picking up individual votes and pledging them wherever he could find them all over the country. He was too busy to talk to reporters. Now that he has got his canvass completed, and knows his precise strength, he does not hesitate to say for the first time: "I am a candidate for Speaker, and know

The cool assurance of the announce-

ment somewhat startles his opponents, for they know he means what he says,

and is not, like some of the rival candidates, talking merely for the effect. There is nothing left them, though, but to look the matter fairly in the face.

And since he is so free to express his confidence of election, one of them

bustles up with questions about the color he intends to give the Ways and Means Committee—whether

last session do not of course wish it disturbed. "The body of the party" do Y. Times.

not dare disturb it. The Kentucky and Ohio platforms, and the sudden subsi-

dence of the most clamorous of the Free

The color of the Committee will be

"What will Mr. Randall's election

signify?" is the question some other of his opponents are asking. And the Tribune can answer that also. It will

signify this: that the Democratic party, having clamored for tariff reform for

years, were in three successive Con-gresses offered the opportunity to pass a Tariff bill and undertake the reform

but never dared do it; that the Repub-

lican party at the first opportunity af-forded them did have the wisdom to

perfect a Tariff bill, and the courage to take the responsibility of passing it

colorless; its texture gelatinous.

The serene confidence with which The serene confidence with which Mr. Randall comes smiling to the surface with the announcement that his name will go before the Democratic caucus for Speaker, and that he knows enough to feel certain that he shall be its nominee for that office, has caused quite a flutter among the Democratic brethren who have been insisting all along that whatever else happened he must be defeated. It especially disturbs the calculations of those carnest tariff reformers who have just been democratic brethren who have been insisting all along that whatever else happened he must be defeated. It especially disturbs the calculations of those carnest tariff reformers who have just been scattering from Washington, through the columns of every news-series of charges against the integrity or the late President Garfield. The President was an object of attack exactly suited to the courage and capacity of Dorsey, who by dint of repeating lies to which his dead victim could not reply, hoped finally to make some impression on the public mind. As he knew that his own assertions, though the columns of every news-series of charges against the integrity or the late President Garfield. The BALTIMORE, Md., July 25. tariff reformers who have just distriction monstrating to their own satisfaction that he could not in the first place get the December of the properties nomination, and in the

portion of the pier on which several hundred persons had congregated, awalting the boat to return to this city. The locality is on a small bay distant about two miles from North Point Lighthouse. It was formerly known as Holly Grove, and was the first excursion place fitted up about lifteen years ago, and was the most popular resort at that time and was the most popular resort at that time and for several years afterward. Monday an excursion was given to Tivoli, under the management of the Mt. Royal Beneficiary Society of the Catholic Church of Corpus Christi, corner of Mount Royal avenue and Mosher street, of which Father Star is pas-tor.

tor.

The excursion went down on the barge Cockade City, which was towed by the tug Amanda Howell. The barge was formerly an old canal-boat refitted with double decks for excursion purposes, and used for such for several years. Monday she made three trips, the last being made from this city between six and seven o'clock in the evening, and reached Tivoli before ten o'clock. During the day she had taken about 500 persons and on her last trin about 100. A large

During the day she had taken about 500 persons, and on her last trip about 100. A large number of those who went down during the day had remained, intending to return on the last trip.

When the barge approached, all those on shore made a rush for the end of the wharf, which is several feet long, and were closely packed at the gate, about twenty-five feet from the end, impatiently awaiting admittance. As the barge came along side and struck the wharf it auddenly and without warning gave way, and a large portion of the crowd was precipitated into the water, which is about ten feet deep at that point of the wharf. Many were able to save themselves by fleeing toward the shore as the outer end of the pier crumbled and fell. The darkness added to the confusion and

the drowned.
The scene at Henderson's Wharf, where the Cockade City arrived with her first load of dead at two o'clock Tuesday morning, was affecting. Many friends of those who had gone on the excursion had gather 4, being uneasy at the unusual delay. Anxious parents, sons and daughters at once began to make inquiries, and agonizing cries went up, as they found their fears verified, and learned that some of their friends were among the dead. During the morning the crow, increased and the sorrowful scenes grew in number. Most of the cases were women uid very many cases young girls. In many nstances their faces were discolored and alood cozed from their nostrils. When car-ried off the boat the bodies were laid side faces were covered with cloths, and the hands were crossed on their breasts. All the undertaker wagons obtainable were se-cured, and the work of taking the identified sionists. Those left behind were in large part women and children, and they passed a terrible night, mostly in the open air. A large fire was built, and around this th

Men in boats around the pler are still searching for the dead. Up to to-night six-ty-five bodies had been brought to the city, all of which except four have been identified. The parties resided in almost every section of the city, being members of Catho-lic churches in different localities. The inquest was commenced Tuesday eve-ning, but was not concluded. The evidence

ning, but was not concinued. The evidence goes to show that the timbers of the pier were rotten, and it is believed that the verdict will hold the person or persons owning the property criminally responsible for the calamity. A rumor prevails that twelve additional bodies have been recovered, making the total loss of life seventy-eight by the disaster.

against the strenuous opposition of the Democratic party in Congress; and that the Democratic party after denouncing this measure in the most sweeping terms, and demanding its immediate repeal, do not dare, even now that they have the power, lay a finger upon it in the way of repeal or essential alteration. That is precisely what Mr. Randall's election will signify. It will exhibit the wonderful contrast between the two great parties; the one having pro-nounced beliefs, well-defined principles and the courage of its convictions; the other a party of obstruction and bluster; without beliefs, principles or courage. In the last Congress, when the Democrats were in a minority, they put themselves as a party in opposition to the Tariff bill then pending, and de-clared that to be the policy of the party. With an overwhelming majority in the with an overwhelming majority in the next Congress, they are going to elect as Speaker a man who voted for the Tariff bill and against his party, and in so doing put it on record that they have neither honesty nor courage.

"What will Mr. Randall's election signife?" Well it will signife action. signify?" Well, it will signify nothing new: only that this is the same old parand seizing as usual the opportunity of success to insure its own defeat.—N. Y. Tribune. It Will Not Succeed.

The early telegraphic reports as to the Dorsey slander were misleading. The impression was conveyed that the Sun's publication was a letter from or Sun's publication was a letter from or interview with Dorsey. It was nothing of the kind; no letters; nor anything purporting to be letters; and no documents of any kind are produced. It does not purport to be written by Dorsey. Nor does it purport to come from him. Dorsey may not even have instigated it in its present form, though there can be no doubt that it takes its there can be no doubt that it takes its present shape from matters that Dorsey has previously charged either disjointedly or as a whole.

The Sun, whose editor was branded a liar by Garfield, and proved to be such, pursued him living, and his memory since dead, with a malignity memory since dead, with a mailgrity such as can only be entertained by small and mean spirits, and it is quite probable it needed no prompting from Dorsey to devote so much space to flinging its spume at the grave of the dead President.

Apart from its hatred of Garfield there lies back of this attack the hope that a controversy may grow out of this assault which will revive within this assault which will revive within the Republican party the factional con-tests of two years ago. If such hope is entertained it will fail. The brutal-ity of the attack will unite rather than divide. It so shocks deceacy that it carries with it its own corrective, and Stalwart and Half-Breed, instead of being prompted by it to sharpen daggers for each other, will feel more like loading their boots for the authors of the grossest political indecency of the grossest political indecency of the century.—Detroit Post and Tribune:

—A Dakota paper uses this argument by way of "assisting" immigration to the Territory: "It costs \$11,000 for a the Same as wholesomeness. As these, with all fish, become early purescent in found of them, and that fondness is about the Same as wholesomeness. As these, with all fish, become early purescent in found of them, and that fondness is about the Territory: "It costs \$11,000 for a three same as wholesomeness. As these, with all fish, become early purescent in found of them, and that fondness is about the Territory: "It costs \$11,000 for a three same as wholesomeness. As these, with all fish, become early purescent in found of them, and that fondness is about the Same as wholesomeness. As these, with all fish, become early purescent in found of them, and that fondness is about the Same as wholesomeness. As these, with all fish, become early purescent in found of them, and that fondness is about the Same as wholesomeness. As these, with all fish, become early purescent in found of them, and that fondness is about the Territory: "It costs \$11,000 for a three same as wholesomeness. As these, with all fish, become early purescent in found of them, and that fondness is about the Territory: "It costs \$11,000 for a three same as wholesomeness. As these, with all fish, become early purescent in found of them, and that fondness is about the Territory: "It costs \$11,000 for a same as wholesomeness. As these, with all fish, become early purescent in found of them, and that fondness is about the Territory: "It costs \$11,000 for a same as wholesomeness."

It is a superior of the same as wholesomeness as these, with all fish, become early purescent in found in the Territory: "It costs \$

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PERSONAL AND LITERARY.

-President Arthur has four sisters. —Harry Garfield, eldest son of the late President, was one of the prize speakers at Williams College.

—Adirondack Murray, having failed in the cattle business in Texas will open a law office in New York —N. Y. Sun. -James Payn, the novelist, declares that he is a slow writer, producing only three or four pages a day; yet he has published over thirty novels.

-Having carried to a triumphant conclusion the plans of his father for the East River Bridge, at New York, Colonel W. A. Roebling has resigned the position of Chief Engineer.

-General Sir Edward Sabine, who by threats that he would publish certain damaging letters which, he alleges, came into his possession as Secretary of the Republican National Committee in 1880. He has at last succeeded in getting all the ancient and fish-like stories that he has started strung together and published in the New York Sun under the head of "An Abstract of the Budget of Stephen W. Dorsey," and accompanied by an ingenious editorial, which seeks to give to Dorsey's rubbish some sort of dignity. This is nuts for the scurrilous Star-route thief, because it gives him an apparent standing in a derecently died in England, at the age of ninety-live, took part in the war of 1812 in this country. In 1814 he commanded

in this country. In 1814 he commanded the British batteries at the siege of —Mr. Phil D. Armour, of Chicago, "the ruler of the provision market of the world," is fifty-four year of age, started as a York State farmer boy, and

is now estimated to be worth over \$10,-000,000.—Chicago Journal. gives him an apparent standing in a de-cent journal which he has not for a long -Mr. Frank C. Bangs, the successful actor, has decided to quit the stage since marrying an heiress. It is given out that he will invest \$25,000 in a

It is a dirty piece of business, however, in which he has entangled the Sun, which, in its zeal to strike the Republican party, forgets what is due to its own reputation. Were it really necessary, in the interest of historical truth and Philadelphia soap factory. He beli-that while there is life there's soap. reputation. Were it really necessary, in the interest of historical truth and present and future good government, to blacken the name of the dead President, it would be a painful task for any honorable journalist, to be undertaken only on convincing evidence, from reputable days ago. tate to say for the first time: "I am a candidate for Speaker, and know enough to feel certain that I shall be elected."

orable journalist, to be undertaken only on convincing evidence, from reputable sources, capable of being sustained by public use of documentary proof. But when a journal takes the unsupported word of a revengeful scoundrel whom its own columns have shown to be a robber of the Treasury, a faithless Sentincome of over \$20,000 a year.—Washington, and on income of over \$20,000 a year.—Washington.

ator, and steeped in corruption, and on that word, without producing one line of the documents which he pretends to possess, seeks to destroy the memory of her spare three states of the state of the states of the -An acquaintance of Mrs. Langtry An acquaintance of Mrs. Langry says that the lady is employing some of her spare time writing a book, in which she gives her impressions very fully of American customs and American people. A New York publisher has arranged for

wars and Means Committee—whether he will make it represent the eighteen men who with him voted against their party on the Tariff bill at the last session, or will he frame it so as to represent the body of the party? It is not at all likely that he will rush into print with an ansver to that question, much as with an ansver to that question, much as a with an ansver to that question, much as a with an ansver to that question, much as a been exposed long since, and to have been exposed long since, and to have been exposed long since, and to the copyright.

—Mr. Charles Wooley, of Urbana,
O., and Miss Louise Billman, of Hedge ville, Pa., were recently united in mar-riage at the home of the groom's fat. er, near Urbana. The groom stands four feet three inches, and weighs 118 pounds, while the bride stands four sent the body of the party? It is not at all likely that he will rush into print with an answer to that question, much as his free trade opponents may desire or urge it. The same modesty which has induced him to remain silent during these months in which he has been making his calling and election sure, will prevent his making any public announcement concerning the committees until he does it from the Speaker's chair. The Tribune, however, which long ago informed these gentlemen that Mr. Randall would be the next Speaker, being under no restraint, will not hesitate to enlighten them still further as to the "color he intends to give the Committee of Ways and Means." It will represent not only "the eighteen," but also "the body of the party." The last session do not of course wish it disturbed. "The body of the party" do turbed. "The body of the party" do feet even, and weighs 108 pounds. The bride made the trip from Hedgeville alone to marry her affianced, whom she had never seen before.

HUMOROUS.

—"Blessed are the piece makers," said the hired girl when she dropped a fine French china dish on the brick pavement .- Cincinnati Merchant and

—Mrs. Homespun, who has a terrible time every morning to get her young brood out of their beds, says she can not understand why children are called the rising generation. —Speaking of umbrellas, a scholar says: "The English name is borrowed from the Italian ombrella." This is proof positive that there has been from

—Rhubarb pies, says a cookery item, are improved by being baked in a slow oven. So there is one thing in this oven. So there is one thing in this world which is the better done for be-

will, at some period of its existence, meet a perilous crisis, and be brought to the verge of defeat and disaster. Parties do not live forever; they do not always float upon the top-wave of pop-ularity and success. The extraordinary The Judge. wisdom and extraordinary courage of the Republican party have made its history thus far an uninterrupted series of successful campaigns. There is no reason to suppose that its immediate future has in store any new or varied experience. It is no weaker, and its

-"Mamma," said a little boy, "I gave enemies are no stronger, than they have been, respectively, in many past periods when they have met at the ballot-box. But the same wisdom, patriotism and mouth with mustard and called it day." "What did you do, my sor asked his mother. "Oh, I filled mouth with mustard and called apple-sauce, and she took the hint!" Golden Days.

—"Aye, there's the Rub!"—Bather No. 1: "I say, Charlie, I shall be glad of a glass of ale when I get outside, A political party can not do every-thing. It can not undertake to make the world perfect. Political agencies are, at the best, but imperfect and in-efficient. The best that they can acshan't you? By-the-bye, why is it people get so thirsty after coming out of the water?" Bather No. 2: "I don't know, unless it is because they

efficient. The best that they can accomplish is not unmixed good, nor without alloy or the taint of evil. Higher and purer results must be sought by other means and aids.

If there are moral and social reforms which the good, the earnest and the brave must accomplish—which lie before us as the harvest-field lies before the reaper and invites him to enter—it is far from certain that it would be wise to invoke the aid of a political party in their accomplishment, what-

wise to invoke the aid of a political party in their accomplishment, whatever may have been its triumphs in similar fields in the past. The Republican party contains all the popular elements in the country that are in sympathy with the great reforms which invite action, but it is a serious question whether it is should be foreed, as a National party organization, to embrace these reforms in its platform, and include them among the ostensible objects to which, as a party, it is devoted.

There is a great deal of truth in the well-worn remark that the Republican party cannot live upon its past history. But it is also true that the Republican party, if it shall live to guard and keep what it has gained for the people, will have a higher, broader and more commanding duty than ever fell to any previous party in the country. In preserving what it has accomplished, it is not living on its past. This is a oresent labor, and a labor to occupy the future, vast enough for the hopes or ambition of any party. To protect the vital inthe front stoop. - Norristown Herald

serving what it has accomplished, it is not living on its past. This is a present labor, and a labor to occupy the future, vast enough for the hopes or ambition of any party. To protect the vital interests of the country as they have been built up and established by Republican policies—to repel the assaults of agitators, destructionists, demagogues of every hue and class, of corruptionists, and of designing and desperate men, on the citadels of the Nation's strength and greatness, comprises objects of the high-That is a strange idea, so prevalent in That is a strange idea, so prevalent in some communities, that oysters are highly nutritious and easy of digostion. It is true that the raw oyster digests in about the same time as cooked beef, while stewing adds twenty per cent. to the required time; for the reason that they are rather rich in albumen, like eggs, always rendered more indigestible by thorough cooking. In the matter of muscle food, cysters fall below all of the fish and meats, or equal that of pork. greatness, comprises objects of the high-est importance, and is enough to fill the capacity of any political party for labor and achievement.—Chicago Jour-—Would it not be a good thing to revive some of the old-fashioned laws that used to hedge society about? An old Baptist Church in South Carolina contains the record of the exclusion of a woman from the church for "doing too much talking in the neighborhood." We might have smaller congregations, but we could spot the Grundies.—Chicago Inter Ocean. muscle food, cysters fall below all of the fish and meats, or equal that of pork, having about one-half of that of herring, halibut and trout, just one-half of chicken, one-sixth of cheese, less than one-fourth of Southern corn, not one-half of that of beans and pease, being far inferior to beed.

Still they have long been popular from the fact that some noted physician, who had studied his taste more than this subject, once decided in their favor, supposing that all might be as fond of them, and that fondness is about the same as wholesomeness. As these,